

Jan Kurek (Maria Curie Skłodowska University, Lublin, Poland)
Włodzimierz M. Mikulski (Jagiellonian University, Cracow, Poland)
Like jet prolongation functors of affine bundles

Abstract: Let $F : \mathcal{AB}_m \rightarrow \mathcal{FM}$ be a covariant functor from the category \mathcal{AB}_m of affine bundles with m -dimensional bases and affine bundle maps with local diffeomorphisms as base maps into the category \mathcal{FM} of fibred manifolds and their fibred maps. Let $B_{\mathcal{AB}_m} : \mathcal{AB}_m \rightarrow \mathcal{Mf}$ and $B_{\mathcal{FM}} : \mathcal{FM} \rightarrow \mathcal{Mf}$ be the respective base functors.

A gauge bundle functor on \mathcal{AB}_m is a functor F as above satisfying:

(i) **(Base preservation)** $B_{\mathcal{FM}} \circ F = B_{\mathcal{AB}_m}$. Hence the induced projections form a functor transformation $\pi : F \rightarrow B_{\mathcal{AB}_m}$.

(ii) **(Localization)** For every inclusion of an open affine subbundle $i_{E|U} : E|U \rightarrow E$, $F(E|U)$ is the restriction $\pi^{-1}(U)$ of $\pi : FE \rightarrow B_{\mathcal{AB}_m}(E)$ over U and $F i_{E|U}$ is the inclusion $\pi^{-1}(U) \rightarrow FE$.

A gauge bundle functor F on \mathcal{AB}_m is *fiber product preserving* if for every fiber product projections $E_1 \xleftarrow{Fpr_1} E_1 \times_M E_2 \xrightarrow{Fpr_2} E_2$ in the category \mathcal{AB}_m $FE_1 \xleftarrow{Fpr_1} F(E_1 \times_M E_2) \xrightarrow{Fpr_2} FE_2$ are fiber product projections in the category \mathcal{FM} . In other words $F(E_1 \times_M E_2) = F(E_1) \times_M F(E_2)$ modulo the restriction of (Fpr_1, Fpr_2) .

The most important example of fiber product preserving gauge bundle functor on \mathcal{AB}_m is the r -jet prolongation functor $J^r : \mathcal{AB}_m \rightarrow \mathcal{FM}$, where for an \mathcal{AB}_m -object $p : E \rightarrow M$ we have $J^r E = \{j_x^r \sigma \mid \sigma \text{ is a local section of } E, x \in M\}$ and for a \mathcal{AB}_m -map $f : E_1 \rightarrow E_2$ covering $\underline{f} : M_1 \rightarrow M_2$ we have $J^r f : J^r E_1 \rightarrow J^r E_2$, $J^r f(j_x^r \sigma) = j_{\underline{f}(x)}^r (f \circ \sigma \circ \underline{f}^{-1})$, $j_x^r \sigma \in J^r E_1$.

The first main result in this paper is that all fiber product preserving gauge bundle functors F on \mathcal{AB}_m of finite order r are in bijection with so called admissible systems, i.e. systems $(V, H, t, 1)$, where V is a finite dimensional vector space over \mathbb{R} , $1 \in V$ is an element, $H : G_m^r \rightarrow GL(V)$ is a smooth group homomorphism from $G_m^r = \text{inv} J_0^r(\mathbb{R}^m, \mathbb{R}^m)_0$ into $GL(V)$ with $H(\xi)(1) = 1$ for any $\xi \in G_m^r$, $t : \mathcal{D}_m^r \rightarrow gl(V)$ is a G_m^r -equivariant unity preserving associative algebra homomorphism from $\mathcal{D}_m^r = J_0^r(\mathbb{R}^m, \mathbb{R})$ into $gl(V)$.

The second main result is that any fiber product preserving gauge bundle functor on \mathcal{AB}_m is of finite order.